Particulate Monitoring for Incineration Processes
ENVEA provides a full range of particulate monitoring instruments for incineration processes. These include continuous emission monitors with special focus on processes falling under the European Waste Incineration Directive (WID) requiring solutions to EN-14181 and other regulatory requirements for incineration and cremation plant fitted with no abatement and dry scrubbing systems with bagfilters. ENVEA also provide process control instruments suitable for reducing emissions from bagfilters and ensuring flow of activated carbon and limestone are being added appropriately to processes for gas reduction purposes.

ENVEA’s instruments provide a robust solution for plant operators of the following incineration plant:
- Municipal waste incineration
- Co-Incineration processes falling under WID
- Chemical and industrial waste incineration
- Medical waste incineration
- Sewage sludge incineration
- Cremation

**Robust solutions to EN-14181 (13284-2)**

**Compliance measurement**

Incineration processes falling under the European Waste Incineration Directive must operate continuous monitoring instruments to ensure emissions are below defined emission limits (ELVs) within defined uncertainty. EN-14181 is the standard which defines Quality Assurance Levels (QAL1, QAL2, QAL3) to ensure measurements are made with defined uncertainty at the ELV. EN-13284-2 is derived from EN-14181 and is the specific standard for the quality assurance of Automatic Monitoring Systems (AMS) for Particulates.

ENVEA provides robust solutions to EN-14181/13284-2 requirements as well as pragmatic solutions to different monitoring requirements in cremation processes and other incineration processes not falling under WID. These instruments are also suitable for meeting US EPA requirements for particulate (PS-11).

Specific instruments are available with QAL1, MCERTS (certification range 0-15mg/m³ and 0-30mg/m³) and TÜV BImSchV 17 (certification range 0-150mg/m³) approvals as required by specific regulations. Instruments may be calibrated by correlation to the results of isokinetic sampling. The amount of sampling is defined by regulation. For WID processes, QAL2 calibration procedures requires 15 sampling points over 3 days or 5 points over 3 days if emissions lower than 30% of ELV. For non-WID processes, regulators often encourage three sample points.

Instruments include automatic zero and span checks to ensure any drift in instrument performance is detected and therefore that instrument results are not compromised. These checks meet MCERTS and TÜV requirements and are supplemented in certain products with statistical analysis to meet the specific additional requirements of QAL3 according to EN-13284-2.

Optional reference material are provided for users required to audit instruments according to the Annual Surveillance Test (AST) as defined in EN-13284-2.

**Light scatter particulate monitoring**

ENVEA’s light scatter instruments were specifically developed to satisfy EN-14181 having a full range of features to minimise ongoing costs and time in operating to this standard. The instrument has an extended measurement volume to ensure representative measurement of the stack, however unlike some other light scatter instruments, has automatic span checks which operate without changing the measurement principal of the instrument. This has the real benefit that instrument problems can really be detected early on and the QAL3 tests are fully compliant to EN-14181 in respect of all regulatory bodies interpretation.

ENVEA’s light scatter instruments were made with defined uncertainty at the ELV. The instrument has an extended measurement volume to ensure representative measurement of the stack, however unlike some other light scatter instruments, has automatic span checks which operate without changing the measurement principal of the instrument. This has the real benefit that instrument problems can really be detected early on and the QAL3 tests are fully compliant to EN-14181 in respect of all regulatory bodies interpretation.

**Electrodynamic particulate monitoring**

For incinerators controlled by bagfilters, the DT991 provides a pragmatic solution to EN-14181. The instrument has sufficient resolution to effectively monitor particulate emissions even when the particulate loadings are abated to below 0.1mg/m³. This means the instrument can be used to satisfy regulatory requirements, but can also effectively monitor the dust profile during the cleaning of the bagfilter and assist maintenance personnel diagnose bag filter failure. The instruments include the quality assurance features (including recording of QAL3 results) as required by EN-14181.

For incinerator plants operated outside Europe and those not falling under EN-14181, the DT990 and DT270/770, provide accurate measurement as required by TÜV BImSchV 17. ENVEA has extensive application experience with these instruments used after bagfilters on incineration plant gained over ten years.

For cremation applications, Electrodynamic sensors with ultra high temperature options are capable of operating at temperatures above 1000°C and provide a reliable method of monitoring particulate concentration, flow rate (for ensuring adequate residence time in the combustion chamber) and total particulate emissions. These instruments overcome the reliability and resolution problems of historical opacity instruments.
Emission reductions through effective abatement equipment control

Filter Management

Large bagfilter systems are used to abate particulate from many modern incineration processes due to their high collection efficiency and overcoming the problems of effluent disposal associated with wet collection systems. Since bagfilters are no different than other process plant, it is important to ensure the plant is always operating at optimum conditions to ensure particulate emissions are minimised. ENVEA provides a number of solutions to help plant operators obtain this optimal performance:

- A multi-compartment broken bag system, capable of monitoring the emissions from each bag compartment and indicating and isolating the location of a compartment in which a bag failure has occurred
- A ‘prediction’ system for associating the dust peaks caused by bag cleaning to the cleaning cycle of the bagfilter, enabling the location of failing bag rows to be anticipated and diagnosed
- An integrated bag cleaning and monitoring system, controlling the cleaning of the bagfilter to minimise emissions by not ‘overcleaning’, linked to pressure drop and emissions data for bagfilter optimisation.

ENVEA provides the software and hardware integration services to ensure that these improvements are fully integrated into the existing plant control systems.

Activated carbon and lime flow monitoring

The injection of activated carbon and limestone into an incinerator can play an integral method of controlling Dioxin and HCl emissions from many incinerators especially those burning PVC waste as found in Hospital and Municipal incinerators. ENVEA provides instruments capable of monitoring and reporting the flow rate of these powdered materials into the incinerator. These provide alarms when flow-rates fall outside a pre-determined range. ENVEA has two alternative approaches to powder flow monitoring to ensure reliable operation even in an aggressive plant environment:

- Measurement of flow trends and blockages using a non-intrusive Electrodynamic sensor installed in the pneumatic handling line feeding the powder
- Deriving flow rate from measurement in changes in weight of the powder feeder

The flow sensor can be applied to limestone flow lines while the flow rate monitor be applied to both activated carbon and limestone flow.

ABOUT ENVEA

As a progressive environmental Company, ENVEA specialises in particulate measurement for industrial processes. With a worldwide reputation for reliability, innovation and technological excellence, the Company produces under the trademark envea™ equipment for concentration and mass monitoring for regulatory, environmental and process control requirements. A dedicated team of qualified application and sales engineers is always on hand and should be consulted in the selection and usage of the most suitable equipment for any particulate application.

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